Web Mining – Data Mining im Internet

Vorlesung SS 2011



Johannes Fürnkranz

TU Darmstadt Hochschulstrasse 10 D-64289 Darmstadt 06151/166238



juffi@ke.tu-darmstadt.de

General Information

- Web-page:
 - http://www.ke.informatik.tu-darmstadt.de/lehre/ss10/web-mining/
- Text:
 - Soumen Chakrabarti: Mining the Web Discovering Knowlege from Hypertext Data, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers 2003.
 - http://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~soumen/mining-the-web/
 - readable online in http://books.google.de
 - Christopher D. Manning, P. Raghavan and H. Schütze, Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge University Press. 2008
 - complete book freely available at http://www-csli.stanford.edu/~hinrich/information-retrieval-book.html
 - Johannes Fürnkranz: Web Mining. The Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery Handbook, Springer-Verlag 2005.
 - Book chapter with many pointers to the literature
 - Various other articles available from the Web-page
- Lecture Slides:
 - available from course page (additional slides at book pages)

Übungen

- 6 Aufgaben
 - Programmierung ist notwendig
 - aber die Programme sind nur Mittel zum Zweck
 - ca. alle 2 Wochen eine Abgabe
 - Ausarbeitung der Lösungen
- Übungsstunden
 - Durchbesprechen der abgegebenen Lösungen
 - Jeder der abgibt, muß anwesend sein, und die Lösung vorführen können
- Beurteilung:
 - Bonuspunkte bei bestandener Klausur
 - Verbesserungen bis zu einem Notengrad sind möglich
- Gruppenarbeit möglich
 - Gruppengröße max. 3

Overview

- Motivation
 - Automated citation indexing and analysis: Citeseer
 - Overview of Web Mining Tasks
- The Web
 - Hypertext
 - World-Wide Web
 - Problems
- Data Mining and Web Mining
 - Motivation: World-Wide Data Growth
 - Mining Structured vs. Unstructured Data

Motivation

- The Web is now 20 years old
 - ca. 1990, Tim Berners-Lee, CERN developed the first graphical hypertext browser
- The information on the Web has grown exponentially
 - on probably every topic you can think of, there is some information available on some Web page
- However, it is still very hard to find relevant information
 - The query interface to search engines has not changed since the early days of the Web!
 - Users have adapted to the interface instead of the other way around

Google 1998





About Google!

Stanford Search Linux Search

Get Google! updates monthly!

your e-mail

Subscribe Archive

Copyright @1997-8 Stanford University



Web Images Videos Maps News Shopping Mail more V

iGoogle | Search settings | Sign in



		Advanced Search Language Tools
Google Search	I'm Feeling Lucky	

Advertising Programs - Business Solutions - About Google - Go to Google Deutschland

©2010 - Privacy

Hard queries

- For many queries, the information that is needed to answer the query is readily available on the Web:
 - What are the cheapest hotels in Vienna's first district?
- The problems are
 - finding the pages that contain relevant information
 - pages of hotels in Vienna
 - extracting the relevant pieces of information from these pages
 - finding the prices, names, address of these hotels
 - connecting the information that is extracted from the pages
 - comparing the prices, sorting the hotels, filtering those that are not in the first district
 - apply common-sense reasoning in all phases
 - e.g., look for pages of bed & breakfast (Pension) as well
 - know about different currencies and conversions, etc.

Webprotokoll | Sucheinstellungen | Anmelden

Go wer unterrichtet web mining in darmstadt Ca. 1.090 Ergebnisse (0,12 Sekunden) Suche Darmstadt • Erweiterte Suche 🛃 Alles **IPDF1** The Semantic Web Anzeigen Dateiformat: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - Schnellansicht Internet in Darmstadt Mehr Johannes Fürnkranz, Web Mining. In O. Maimon and L. Rokach (eds.), z.B. nur Internet mit 32.000 kBit/s, Telefon Dozenten dürfen eine Vorlesung unterrichten ... Das Web www.dvs.tu-darmstadt.de/teaching/dke/2010/vorlesung/semantic-web.pdf www.unitymedia.de/internet Seiten auf Deutsch Darmstadt D120.de/forum • Thema anzeigen - Kostenlos ins Theater für TU ... Seiten aus Deutschland 10. Okt. 2009 ... Der Vertrag, den die Studierendenschaft der TU Darmstadt nun mit dem Web Extraktions-Service Staatstheater geschlossen sich aus allgemein zugänglichen Quellen ungehindert zu gewinnen Sie punktgenau Mehr Optionen unterrichten. ... Seminar: Semantik im Automatischen Sprachverstehen. Web Mining ... Informationen aus dem Web www.fachschaft.informatik.tu-darmstadt.de/.../viewtopic.php?... - Im Cache www.webintegration.at Erste Hilfe - 15 Einträge - 25. Juni 2009 Web-based Text Mining mit Fachabitur an die UNI - 15 Einträge - 31. Okt. 2008 Weitere Ergebnisse von fachschaft.informatik.tu-darmstadt.de » www.alchemyapi.com/ FREMDSPRACHENUNTERRICHT Seite 1 FREMDSPRACHENUNTERRICHT In Darmstadt DataEngine is a software tool for data mining in which fuzzy rule based systems, ... Institut Web-Galerie Auswärtige Kulturpolitik Daf Musik Kulturaustausch D-63322 RÖDERMARK, DARMSTÄDTER STR. 73. FREMDSPRACHENUNTERRICHT ... Darmstadt markt de web2.cylex.de/...-/l1cy1-d ort1cy1--plz1cy1- name1cy1-fremdsprachenunterricht-s1.html -Darmstadt Im Cache - Ähnlich Schalten Sie hier Ihre Anzeige » ULB Darmstadt Kay Hoeksema: Unterrichten mit Moodle / praktische Einführung in das E-Teaching / Kay Ian H. Witten: Data mining / practical machine learning tools and techniques intelligent systems from decision making to data mining, web ... elib tu-darmstadt de/ulb/nel/neu-SQ-SU-2008 html - Im Cache [PDF] Prozessorientierte Wirtschaftsdidaktik und Einsatz von ERP ... Dateiformat: PDF/Adobe Acrobat von ERP-Systemen im Unterricht". Mit der Tagung wurde in einem Verfügbar unter: http://www.gbv.de/dms/hebis-darmstadt/toc/50949659.pdf. nagement, über die

zung des World Wide Web, der Festnetz- und Mobiltelefonie. ... www.opus.ub.uni-erlangen.de/.../Pongratz Tramm Wilbers Band4 OPUS.pdf

Markus Weimer - Deutschland - E-Mail. Adresse, Telefonnummer und ...

weimo.de - Informatik der TU Darmstadt vorne im CHE Fach Neues Testament unterrichten. ... 123people.com verweist auf Biographie-Einträge ... Research Machine learning Elickr Data Mining TU Darmstadt Tübingen Digital photography Unter dieser

Marketing-Enzyklopädie bis zu speziellen Planungs- und Analysetools (Data Mining). ...

und TV für 30.-€*. Jetzt bestellen!

Natural language processing API: entity extraction, text categ, etc.

Größter Anzeigenmarkt in Darmstadt! Hier haben Anzeigen Erfolg - Gratis



ALLE ERGEBNISSE

wer unterrichtet web mining in darmstadt

Alle anzeigen Nur Deutsch Seiten aus: Deutschland ALLE ERGEBNISSE

1-10 von 557 Ergebnissen · Erweitert

Lesezeichen für Stefan Schwan 🕱

Web Site-Adressen von hunderten Verlagen in Deutschland bei DINO ... PFFH Darmstadt Pforzheim Pirmasens Potsdam Rüsselsheim Ravensburg-Weingarten www.fremdsprache-deutsch.de/linkliste/bookmark_stefan.htm · Zwischengespeicherte Seite

ρ

Der Schockwellenreiter 🕺

Denn wer ißt, wird stark und klug, holt vom Brunnen manchen Krug. Hör nicht auf das ... [Werkzeuge für Webworker] Paul Browning, University of Bristol: Through The Web (TTW ... blog.schockwellenreiter.de/archiv_2003/12.html · <u>Zwischengespeicherte Seite</u>

News Rückblick

ASP .NET professional - Das unabhängige Magazin für Web ... April in Darmstadt sowie 29. April in Aachen. Quelle ... Wer sein Wissen rund um Software-Entwicklung einer ... www.aspnet-professional.de/news.aspx · Zwischengespeicherte Seite

die datenschleuder. 🕯

... Chaosradio Podcasting 32 Das Metalab in Wien 36 FIFA WM 1984[™] 39 Nerddaters 46 Musings on **web** ... die nicht wie andere Geschäftsf elder dem freien Spiel des Marktes überlassen **wer**- ... chaosradio.ccc.de/media/ds/ds090.pdf · <u>Zwischengespeicherte Seite</u>

Software Marktplatz: Marktübersicht Dienstleistungen ... 🕺

Mexiko: international ausgerichtete Universität unterrichtet mit ... Ergebnisse der Data-Mining-Studie 2009 - Große ... Karlsruhe, 22.7.2008 - Ab sofort ist der abas-eB-Web ... www.software-marktplatz.de/news_archiv.php · Zwischengespeicherte Seite

Der Deutsche Bildungsserver auf einen Blick

Weitere thematische Angebote in Internet und **Web** 2.0. 4. Werte im Kindesalter. 40 Jahre Sesamstraße (10.11.2009) 5. Einzelne Länder. 5. Elite-Universitäten in den USA: mögliches ... www.dbs.schule.de/toplist.html · Zwischengespeicherte Seite

Beats Biblionetz - Personen: Personen mit B

Unterrichten mit Computerspielen; Lernplattformen in Schulen ... Wer sucht, kann auch verzweifeln (2007) Antonio M ... Collaborative Concept Mapping on the World Wide Web beat.doebe.li/bibliothek/p_b.html · <u>Zwischengespeicherte Seite</u>

Berlin Brandenburger Pflegetage

am Elisabethenstift in **Darmstadt**, Als Lehrerin tätig ... Er **Unterrichtet** seit 24 Jahre an unterschiedliche ... Wießmeier, Leverkusen, Leske + Budrich 2000 **Wer** ist ...



Web · Bilder · Weblogs und Feeds · Mehr »

wer unterrichtet web mining in darmstadt

Suche



Seiten auf Deutsch Seiten aus Deutschland Obas Web

Web-Suche

Ergebnisse 1-10 von 620

Add your link immediately	Gesponserte Ergebnisse	erwandte Suchbegriffe	
add your website's or blog's url for free and see it immediately	W	eb Mining Techniques	
www.addlinkfreenow.com	W	eb Mining Paper	
Internet in Darmstadt	Ba	asics of Web Mining	
Internet mit 32.000 kBit/s, Telefon und TV für 30,-€*. Jetzt bestellen! www.unitymedia.de/internet	W	eb Mining Software	
In Darmstadt	W	eb Content Mining	
Größter Anzeigenmarkt in Darmstadt! Hier haben Anzeigen Erfolg - Gratis Darmstadt.markt.de	W	eb Mining Tools	
Darmstadt.markt.de		fference between Data Minin	ng and
Biannual Report	W	eb Mining	
Ursprung und ihre Stellung im heutigen Stochastik-Unterricht (. Burkhard Kümmerer) 25.05.07 Proof mining in fixed point	theory. TU Darmstadt, W	eb Structure Mining	
Germany different web-sites for teaching and learning mathematics, 1923.02.2008 www3.mathematik.tu-darmstadt.de/fileadmin/pdf-files/jahresbericht	De	ep Web Mining	
D420 de ferrura - Therma enzeigen , mit Fachabitur en die UNI	Ab	ostract on Web Mining	
D120.de/forum • Thema anzeigen - mit Fachabitur an die UNI ich frage aus reiner Interesse, warum man eigentlich an der TU Darmstadt mit dem was an einem normalen Gymnasium (zumindest in BW) nicht unterrichtet wird, Seminar: Semantik im Automatischen Sprachverstehen, Web Mining		roduction on Web Mining	
		eb Usage Mining	
www.fachschaft.informatik.tu-darmstadt.de/forum/viewtopic.php?f=2	Da	ata Mining	
D120.de/forum • Thema anzeigen - Erste Hilfe		xt Mining	
Die Athene, Logo der TU Darmstadt Film gezeigt und ich denke, die meisten Leute, die ich unterrichtet habe, habe um richtig helfen zu können Seminar: Semantik im Automatischen Sprachverstehen, Web Mining		ata Mining Concepts	
ntering www.fachschaft.informatik.tu-darmstadt.de/forum/viewtopic.php?f=3			Mehr »
Markus Weimer - Deutschland - E-Mail, Adresse, Telefonnummer und weimo.de - Informatik der TU Darmstadt vorne im CHE Fach Neues Testament unterrichten 123people.com verweist au Research Machine learning Flickr Data Mining TU Darmstadt Tübingen Digital photography Unter dieser Sektion verweist T Web-Dokumente, beispielsweise im www.123people.de/s/markus+weimer	ıf Biographie-Einträge … 123people auf		
Thomas Kunstmann - Pipl Profiles			

Thomas Fehnl and Thomas Kunstmann Darmstadt University of BibSonomy, University of Kassel, folksonomy, data mining, Wissensverarbeitung, UniversitÃf¤t ... Der EUROPATICKER Umweltruf und der EUROPATICKER Korruptionsreport unterrichtet stÃf¤ndig mz-web de - die Online-Plattform der Mitteldeutschen Zeitung



TextRunner took 5 seconds.

Retrieved 0 results for Who teaches web mining in darmstadt.

Grouping results by argument 1. Group by: predicate | argument 2



TextRunner took 6 seconds.	
Retrieved 53 results for Who invented the light bulb.	
Grouping results by argument 2. Group by: argument 1 predicate	
the light bulb - 11 results	Search again:
Thomas Edison (299), Thomas Alva Edison (14), Thomas A. Edison (11), 31 more invented the light bulb	Who invented the light bulb
man (13), Thomas Edison (7), guy (6), 4 more who invented the light bulb	Search
Edison (27), Thomas Alva Edison (2) did n't invent the light bulb	
Edison (8) had invented the light bulb	Jump to:
Edison (5) may have invented the light bulb	
Thomas Edison (4) would have invented the light bulb	the light bulb (11) the incandescent light bulb and
Thomas Edison (4) failed invented the light bulb	<u>phonograph (1)</u> 9,999 light bulbs (1)
first person (2) to invent the electric light bulb	<u>5,555 light balbs (1</u>)
Edison (2) had n't invented the light bulb	
Edison (2) could have invented the light bulb	
Leonardo da Vinci not (2) producing not inventing the light bulb	
the incandescent light bulb and phonograph - 1 result	

Thomas Edison (2) invented the incandescent light bulb and phonograph

9,999 light bulbs - 1 result

Mr Edison (2) invented 9,999 light bulbs



TextRunner took 10 seconds.	
Retrieved 37 results for Who is the chancellor of germany.	
Grouping results by argument 2. Group by: argument 1 predicate	
Chancellor of Germany - 10 results	Search again:
Hitler (90), Nazi leader Adolf Hitler (4), 75th anniversary of the date (3), Herr Von Papen (2) was appointed Chancellor of Germany Adolf Hitler (32), Angela Merkel (12), Bismarck (5), 8 more was Chancellor of Germany	Who is the chancellor of austria
Hitler (31), Angela Merkel (8), Gerhard Schroeder (2) was elected Chancellor of Germany	
Adolf Hitler (33), Day (2) was named Chancellor of Germany Hitler (10) was made Chancellor of Germany Hitler (3) was appointed as the Chancellor of Germany Hitler (3) had been appointed chancellor of Germany German politician (2) who was the Chancellor of Germany Helmut Kohl (2) may be chancellor of Germany Hitler (2) was nominated the chancellor of Germany	Jump to: <u>Chancellor of Germany (10)</u> <u>Chancellor of West Germany (2)</u> the first Chancellor of the Federal <u>Republic of Germany (1)</u> <u>Supreme Chancellor of Germany</u> (1) <u>CDU) and Chancellor of West</u> <u>Germany (1)</u> the first Chancellor of Germany of non-noble background (1)
Chancellor of West Germany - 2 results	Chancellor Merkel of Germany (1)

Kurt Georg Kiesinger (4), Schmidt (3), Helmut Kohl (2), Adenauer (2) was Chancellor of West Germany Kurt Georg Kiesinger (4) is elected Chancellor of West Germany

the first Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany - 1 result

Konrad Adenauer (3), Helmut Schmidt (2) was the first Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany

Supreme Chancellor of Germany - 1 result

Hitler (2) was named Supreme Chancellor of Germany

Example Application: Citeseer

- Citeseer is a very popular search engine for publications in Computer Science
 - http://citeseer.ist.psu.edu/
- It provides
 - keyword search for articles
 - on-line access to the articles
 - pointers to articles that the articles cites
 - pointers to articles that cite an article
 - pointers to related articles
 - identification of important papers (citation analysis)
 - identification of important publication media
- All of that is generated automatically!





Searching for PHRASE web mining.

Restrict to: <u>Author Title</u> Order by: <u>Expected citations</u> <u>Date</u> Hits: <u>100</u> Try: <u>Google (CiteSeer)</u> <u>Google (Web)</u> <u>Yahoo!</u> <u>MSN</u> <u>CSB</u> <u>DBLP</u> 596 citations found. Retrieving citations...

Context Doc 12 (9): Robert Cooley, Bamshad Mobasher, and Jaideep Srivastava. Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world wide web. In ICTAPS7, Dec. 1997.

Looking for an author? You may be seeing only a fraction of all citations. Try: web w/2 mining or w w/2 mining (w/2 means within 2 words)

Context Doc 34 (A): B. Mobasher, N. Jain, E-H. Han, and J. Srivastava "Web mining: Pattern discovery from world wide web transactions, " Technical Report 96-050, University of Minnesota, Sep, 1996.

Context Doc 34 (1). R. Kosala and H. Blockeel, "Web Mining Research: A Survey," in SIGKDD: SIGKDD Explorations: Newsletter of the Special Interest Group SIG) on Knowledge Discovery & Data Mining, ACM, ACM Press, 2000, pp. 1--15.

Context Doc 14 (11) O. Nasraoui, H. Frigui, R. Krishnapuram, and A. Joshi. *Mining web access logs using relational competitive fuzzy clustering*. In Eighth International Fuzzy Systems Association Congress, Hsinchu, Taiwan, Aug. 1999.

Context Doc 14 (8): M. Craven, S. Slattery, and K. Nigam. *First-order learning for Web mining*. In C. Ndellec and C. Rouveirol, editors, Proceedings of the 10th European Conference on Machine Learning (ECML-98), pages 250--255, Chemnitz, Germany, 1998. Springer-Verlag.

Context Doc 12 (0): Karuna P. Joshi, Anupam Joshi, Yelena Yesha, Raghu Krishnapuram, "Warehousing and Mining Web Logs", Proc. of 2nd Workshop on **Web** Information and Data Management (WIDM'99) (in conj. with CIKM '99), Kansas City (November 1999.

Context Doc 10 (3): A. Banerjee and J. Ghosh. Clickstream Clustering Using Weighted Longest Common Subsequences. In Proceedings of the Web Mining Workshop at the 1st SIAM Conf. on Data Mining, pages 34--40, Chicago, IL, April 2001.

Context Doc 10 (0): B. Sarwar, G. Karypsis, J.A. Konstan, and J.T. Riedl. Application of Dimensionality Reduction in Recommender System -- A Case Study. In ACM WebKDE 2000 Web Mining for E-Commerce Workshop.

Context Doc 10 (0) M. Mulvenna, S. Anand, and A. Buchner. Personalization on the net using web mining. CACM, 43(8):122--125, 2000.

Context Doc 9 (2): Myra Spiliopoulou. The laborious way from data mining to web mining. submitted, June 1998.

citation counts



- 8.5%: Mir: A Tool For Visual Presentation Of Web Acc
- 5.5%: Web Mining: Pattern Discovery from World Wide

Active bibliography (related documents): More All

- 0.7: Grouping Web Page References into Transactions
- 0.5: Document Categorization and Query Generation or
- 0.5: Software Environments in Support of Wide-Area De

Similar documents based on text: More All

- 0.8: Some Experiences on Large Scale Web Mining I
- 0.7: Blockmodeling Techniques for Web Mining Schoi
- 0.6: Usage Mining for and on the Semantic Web Stun

Related documents from co-citation: More All

- 25: Data preparation for mining world wide web browsin
- 24: Fast Algorithms for Mining Association Rules Agr
- 20: From user access patterns to dynamic hypertext li

BibTeX entry: (Update)

Abstract

Application of data mining techniques to the World Wide Web, referred to as Web mining, has been the focus of several recent research projects and papers. However, there is no established vocabulary, leading to confusion when comparing research efforts. The term Web mining has been used in two distinct ways. The first, called Web content mining in this paper, is the process of information discovery from sources across the World Wide Web. The second, called Web usage mining, is the process of mining for user browsing and access patterns. In this paper we define Web mining and present an overview of the various research issues, techniques, and development efforts. We briefly describe WEBMINER, a system for Web usage mining, and conclude this paper by listing research issues.

Introduction 1

With the explosive growth of information sources available on the World Wide Web, it has become increasingly necessary for users to utilize automated tools in find the desired information resources, and to track and analyze their usage patterns. These factors

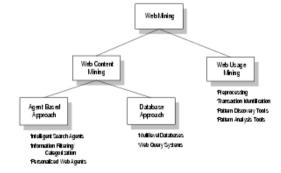


Figure 1: Taxonomy of Web Mining

context. There are several important issues, unique to the Web paradigm, that come into play if sophisticated types of analyses are to be done on server side data collections. These include integrating various data sources such as server access logs, referrer logs, user registration or profile information; resolving difficulties in the identification of users due to missing unique key attributes in collected data; and the importance of identifying user sessions or transactions

82 citations found. Retrieving documents... Low-Complexity Fuzzy Relational Clustering Robert Cooley, Bamshad Mobasher, and Jaideep Srivastava. Web mining: Information and Algorithms for Web Mining Dec. 1997. Raghu Krishnapuram CiteSeer Home/Search Document Details and Download Summary Related IBM India Research Lab Indian Institute of Technology, Hauz Khas, New Delhi 110016 kraghura@in.ibm.edu On leave from Dept of Mathematical and Computer Sciences, Colorado School of Mines, Golden, CO 80401 This paper is cited in the following contexts: Anupam Joshi Department of Computer Science and Electrical Engineering University of Maryland Baltimore County, Baltimore, MD 21250 First 50 documents Next 50 joshi@cs.umbc.edu Olfa Nasraoui Low-Complexity Fuzzy Relational Clustering - Algorithms For Web (Correct) Department of Electrical Engineering University of Memphis, Memphis, TN 38152In particular, Han et al. 36] create a MOLAP based warehouse from Web loos, and allow users tr Livu Yi time dependent patterns in the acces References [9] [10]. However, both these approaches R. Agrawal and R. Srikant. Fast algorithms for mining association rules. In Proceedings of the 20th VLDB Conference, pages is used and the clients are willing to rele 487-499, Santiago, Chile, 1994. R. Armstrong, T. Joachims D. Freitag, and T. Mitchell. Webwatcher: A learning apprentice for the World Wide Web. In [2] However, it is not clear how the simi Proceedings of the AAAI Spring Symposium on Information Gathering from Heterogeneous, Distributed Environments, pages 6–13. Stanford, CA, March 1995. G. Arocena and A. Mendelz. Weboql: Restructuring documents, databases, and web. In Proc. IEEE Intl. Conf. Data [3] clusters. There is also a recent body Engineering '98, pages 24-33. IEEE Press, 1998. P. Bajcsy and N. Ahuja. Location- and density-based hierarchical clustering using similarity analysis. IEEE Transactions on [4] structured, database-like entity. In pa Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, 20:1011-1015, 1998. G. Beni and X. Liu. A least biased fuzzy clustering method. IEEE Trans. Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, [5] Web logs, and allow users to perform 16:954-960, September 1994. J. C. Bezdek. Pattern Recognition with Fuzzy Objective Function Algorithms. Plenum Press, New York, 1981. [6] [7] J. Abidi C. Shahabi, A.M. Zarkesh and V. Shah. Knowledge discovery from users web-page navigation. In Proceedings of the patterns in the access logs [53] Sin Seventh IEEE Intl. Workshop on Research Issues in Data Engineering (RIDE), pages 20-29, Birmingham, UK, 1997. [8] J. Chen, A. Mikulcic, and D. H. Kraft. An integrated approach to information retrieval with fuzzy clustering and fuzzy have been proposed in [9]. [10]. inferencing. In O. Pons, M. Ampara Vila, and J. Kacprzyk, editors, Knowledge Management in Fuzzy Databases, volume 163. Physica Verlag, Heidelberg, Germany, 2000. M.S. Chen, J.-S. Park, and P. S. Yu. Efficient data mining for path traversal patterns. IEEE Trans. Knowledge and Data ids, which is not true in the real wo Engineering, 10(2):209-221, April 1998. [10] R. Cooley, B. Mobasher, and J. Srivastav. Web Mining: Information and pattern discovery on the World Wide Web. In the clients are willing to release the Proc. IEEE Intl. Conf. Tools with AI, pages 558–567, Newport Beach, CA, 1997. [11] R. N. Davé and R. Krishnapuram. Robust clustering methods: A unified view. IEEE Transactions on Fuzzy Systems. momentum is the idea that we can le 5(2):270-293, 1997. [12] E. Diday. La methode des nuees dynamiques. Rev. Stat. Appliquee, XIX(2):19–34, 1975. [13] D. Riecken: Guest Editor. Special issue on personalization. Communications of the ACM, 43(9), Sept. 2000. their *clickstreams*, which is of great in [14] J. Fink, A. Kobsa, and J. Schreck. Personalized hypermedia information provision through adaptive and adaptable system features. http://zeus.amd.de/hci/projects/avanti/publications/ISandN97/ISandN97.html, 1997. An important component of perse [15] K. S. Fu. Syntactic Pattern Recognition and Applications. Academic Press, San Diego, CA, 1982. [16] K. C. Gowda and E. Diday. Symbolic clustering using a new similarity measure. IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics, 20:368-377, 1992. extraction of structure from unlabele [17] S. Guha, R. Rastogi, and K. Shim. CURE: An efficient algorithm for large databases. In Proceedings of SIGMOD '98, pages 73–84, Seattle, June 1998. information. The logs kept by Web : [18] R. J. Hathaway and J. C. Bezdek. Switching regression models and fuzzy clustering. IEEE Transactions on Fuzzy Systems, 1(3):195-204, 1993. be viewed as a special case of the m

can be said to have three operations

23

Citations (may not include all citations):

- 866 Fast algorithms for mining association rules Agrawal, Srikant 1994 🗨
- 359 Data cube: A relational aggregation operator generalizing gr.. Gray, Bosworth et al. 1990
- 321 A query language and optimization techniques for unstructure.. Buneman, Davidson et al.
- 262 Finding Groups in Data: an Introduction to Cluster Analysis (context) Kaufman, Rousseer
- 239 Efficient and effective clustering method for spatial data m., Ng, Han 1994
- 236 Implementing data cubes efficiently Harinarayan, Rajaraman et al. 1996
- 235 Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms (context) Frakes, Baeza-Yates 19
- 198 Webwatcher: A learning apprentice for the world wide web Armstrong, Freitag et al. 199
- 183 Discovering frequent episodes in sequences (context) Mannila, Toivonen et al. 1995
- 174 word of mouth (context) Shardanand, Maes et al. 1995
- 169 A scalable comparison shopping agent for the world wide web Doorenbos, Etzioniet al.
- 164 the computation of multidimensional aggregates Agrawal, Agrawal et al. 1996
- 162 An efficient algorithm for mining association rules in large.. (context) Savasere, Omiecins
- 154 Mining sequential patterns: Generalizations and performance ... Srikant, Agrawal 1996
- 144 Wq query system world wide web Shmueli, system et al. 1995
- 116 A declarative language for querying and restructuring the we.. Lakshmanan, Sadri et al. -
- 114 Syntactic clustering of the web (context) Broder, Glassman et al. 1997
- 114 Data-driven discovery of quantitative rules in relational da.. (context) Han, Cai et al. 1993
- 113 webert: Identifying interesting web sites (context) Pazzani, Muramatsu et al. 1996
- 107 Silk from a sow's ear: Extracting usable structures from the.. Pirolli, Pitkow et al. 1996
- 100 Querying semistructured heterogeneous information Quass, Rajaraman et al. 1995
- 99 Computer Systems that Learn: Classification and Prediction M. (context) Weiss, Kulikow
- 89 Planning to gather information Kwok, Weld 1996
- 87 The information manifold Kirk, Levy et al. 1995
- 82 Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world w.. Cooley, Mobasher et al. 1
- 71 Parasite: mining structural information on the web (context) Spertus 1997
- 64 Dmql: A data mining query language for relational databases Han, Fu et al. 1/996
- 53 Category translation: learning to understand information on .. Perkowitz, Etzioni 1995
- 53 Storage estimation for multidimensional aggregates in the pr. Shukla, Deshpande et al. -
- 50 Hypursuit: a hierarchical network search engine that exploit.. (context) Weiss, Velez et al.
- 45 The tsimmis project: Integration of heterogenous information.. (context) / Chawathe, Garcia-
- 42 Semistructured and structured data in the web: Going back an.. Merjaldo, Atzeni et al. 1!
- 42 Aliweb archie-like indexing in the web (context) Koster 1994
- 41 Web mining: Pattern discovery from world wide web transactio.. Mobasher, Jain et al. 19!
- 36 Data mining for path traversal patterns in a web environment Clean, Park et al. 1996
- 28 An adaptive agent for automated web browsing Balabanovic, Shoham et al. 1995
- 22 Finding salient features for personal web page categorizatio.. Wulfekuhler, Punch 1997
- 22 Faq-finder: A case-based approach to knowledge navigation (context) Hammond, Burke et
- 21 Automatically organizing bookmarks per content (context) Maarek, Shaul 1996

References

- R. Agrawal and R. Srikant. Fast algorithms for mining association rules. In Proc. of the 20th VLDB Conference, pages 487–499, Santiago, Chile, 1994.
- [2] S. Agrawal, R. Agrawal, P.M. Deshpande, A. Gupta, J. Naughton, R. Ramakrishna, and S. Sarawagi. On the computation of multidimensional aggregates. In *Proc. of the 22nd VLDB Conference*, pages 506–521, Mumbai, India, 1996.
- [3] R. Armstrong, D. Freitag, T. Joachims, and T. Mitchell. Webwatcher: A learning apprentice for the world wide web. In Proc. AAAI Spring Symposium on Information Gathering from Heterogeneous, Distributed Environments. 1995.
- [4] M. Balabanovic, Yoav Shoham, and Y. Yun. An adaptive agent for automated web browsing. Journal of Visual Communication and Image Representation, 6(4), 1995.
- [5] A. Z. Broder, S. C. Glassman, M. S. Manasse, and G Zweig. Syntactic clustering of the web. In Proc. of 6th International World Wide Web Conference, 1997.
- [6] C. M. Brown, B. B. Danzig, D. Hardy, U. Manber, and M. F. Schwartz. The harvest information discovery and access system. In Proc. 2nd International World Wide Web Conference, 1994.
- [7] P. Buneman, S. Davidson, G. Hillebrand, and D. Suciu. A query language and optimization techniques for unstructured data. In Proc. of 1996 ACM-SIGMOD Int. Conf. on Management of Data, 1996.
- [8] P. Buneman, S. Davidson, and D. Suciu. Programming constructs for unstructured data. In *Proceedings* of ICD T'95, Gubbio, Italy, 1995.
- [9] C. Chang and C. Hsu. Customizable multi-engine search tool with clustering. In Proc. of 6th International World Wide Web Conference, 1997.

CiteSeer.IST Home Check: The following citations are predicted to all refer to the same paper. Details

COOLEY, R., SRIVASTAVA, J., MOBASHER, B., Web Mining: Information and Pattern Discovery on the World Wide Web, Proceedings of the 9th IEEE International Conference on Tools with Artificial Intelligence (ICTAI97), November 1997.

Robert Cooley, Bamshad Mobasher, and Jaideep Srivastava. Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world wide web. In ICTAI97, Dec. 1997.

R. Cooley, B. Mobasher, and J. Srivastava. Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world wide web. Technical Report TR 97-027, University of Minnesota, Dept. of Computer Science, Minneapolis, 1997.

Robert Cooley, Bamshad Mobasher, and Jaideep Srivastava. Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world wide web. In ICTAI97, Dec. 1997.

Cooley, R., Mobasher, R. & Srivastava, J. (1997) Web Mining: Information and Pattern Discovery on the World Wide Web, Proc. 9 th IEEE Int'l Conf. on Tools with Artificial Intelligence.

Cooley, R., Mobasher, B., and Srivastava, J. (1997b). Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world wide web. In ICTAI'97.

R. Cooley, B. Mobasher, and J. Srivastava, "Web mining: Information and Pattern discovery on the World Wide Web," Proc. IEEE Intl. Conf. Tools with AI, Dec, 1997.

R. Cooley, B. Mobasher, and J. Srivastava. Web mining: Information and patterns discovery on the world wide web. In Proc. of the 9th IEEE Int. Conf. on Tools with Artificial Intelligence, pages 558--567, 1997.

R. Cooley, B. Mobasher and J. Srivsatava. Web Mining: Information and Pattern Discovery on the Word Wide Web. Technical Report TR 97-027, University of Minnesota, Dept. of Computer Science, Minneapolis, 1997.

R. Cooley, B. Mobasher, and J. Srivastava. Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world wide web. In International Conference on Tools with Artificial Intelligence, pages 558-567, Newport Beach, 1997. IEEE.

Robert Cooley, Bamshad Mobasher, and Jaideep Srivastava. Web mining: Information and patterns discovery on the world wide web. In Proc. of the ninth IEEE International Conference on Tools with Artificial Intelligence (ICTAI97), November 1997.

R. Cooley, B. Mobasher, and J. Srivastava. Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world wide web. In International Conference on Tools for Articial Intelligence, Newport Beach, CA, November 1997.

Cooley, R., Mobasher, B., and Srivastava, J. (1997). Web mining: Information and pattern discovery on the world wide web. In International Conference on Tools for Articial Intelligence, Newport Beach, CA.

Most cited articles in Computer Science - September 2006 (CiteSeer.Continuity)

Generated from documents in the <u>CiteSeer.Continuity</u> database. This list does not include citations where one or more authors of the citing and cited articles match. This list is automatically generated and may contain errors. The list is generated in batch mode and citation counts may differ from those currently in the <u>CiteSeer.Continuity</u> database, because the database is continuously updated.

<u>All Years 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006</u>

Next 200

1. Doc <u>Context</u> 4137 [GJ79] M.R. Garey and D.S. Johnson. Computers and Intractability: A Guide to the Theory of NP-Completeness. Freeman, New York, 1979.

2. Book Context 3803 [12] Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, and Ronald L. Rivest. Introduction to algorithms. The MIT Press, 1991.

3. Doc Context 2697 [25] C.A.R. Hoare, Communicating Sequential Processes, Prentice-Hall International, 1985.

4. Doc <u>Context</u> 2321 3. A.P. Dempster, N.M. Laird, and D.B. Rubin. *Maximum Likelihood from Incomplete Data via the EM Algorithm*. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Series B (Methodological), 39(1):1--38, 1977.

5. Doc Context 2220 Cover, T. and Thomas, J. (1991). Elements of Information Theory. John Wiley & Sons, New York, NY.

6. Doc <u>Context</u> 2112 [15] E. Gamma, R. Helm, R. Johnson, and J. Vlissides. Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable ObjectOriented Software. Addison-Wesley, Reading, Massachusetts, 1995.

7. Book Context 2064 [Gol89] David E. Goldberg. Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization, and Machine Learning. Addison-Wesley, Reading, Massachusetts, 1989.

8. Doc Context 2044 Quinlan, J. R. (1993). C4.5: Programs for machine learning. San Mateo, CA: Morgan Kaufmann.

9. Doc Context 2013 Duda, R. O., & Hart, P. E. (1973). Pattern classification and scene analysis. New York, NY: Wiley.

10. Book Context 1932 13. Knuth D (1973) The art of computer programming, Vol. 3: sorting and searching. Addison-Wesley, Reading, Mass.

11. Book Context 1905 [33] R. Milner. Communication and Concurrency. Prentice Hall, New York, 1989.

12. Book Context 1899 [8] J. Holland. 1975. Adaptation in Natural and Artificial Systems. MIT Press.

13. Doc Context 1882 [4] John Hopcroft and Jeffrey Ullman. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation. Addison Wesley, 1979.

Most cited authors in Computer Science - August 2006 (CiteSeer.Continuity)

Generated from documents in the <u>CiteSeer.Continuity</u> database. This list does not include citations where one or more authors of the citing and cited articles match, or citations where the relevant author is an editor. An entry may correspond to multiple authors (e.g. J. Smith). This list is automatically generated and may contain errors. Citation counts may differ from search results because this list is generated in batch mode whereas the database is continually updated. A total of 790329 authors were found. Homepages listed may not be for the most cited individual, especially when an entry corresponds to multiple authors. Click on HPSearch to see and update the latest homepage data.

Next 250

1. D. Johnson (HPSearch): 16227 2. J. Ullman (HPSearch): 13245 3. A. Gupta (HPSearch): 10156 4. R. Rivest (HPSearch): 9967 5. R. Milner (HPSearch): 9878 6. S. Shenker (HPSearch): 9456 7. V. Jacobson (HPSearch): 8659 8. S. Floyd (HPSearch): 8487 9. M. Garey (HPSearch): 8485 10. R. Tarjan (HPSearch): 8269 11. E. Clarke (HPSearch): 7909 12. J. Smith (HPSearch): 7893 13. L. Lamport (HPSearch): 7759 14. J. Dongarra (HPSearch): 7722 15. L. Zhang (HPSearch): 7284 16. D. Knuth (HPSearch): 7269 17. R. Agrawal (HPSearch): 7073 18. R. Karp (HPSearch): 6833 19. C. Papadimitriou (HPSearch): 6816 20. H. Zhang (HPSearch): 6802 21. R. Johnson (HPSearch): 6769 22. A. Pnueli (HPSearch): 6609 23. H. Garcia-Molina (HPSearch): 6592 24. A. Aho (HPSearch): 6523 25. D. Goldberg (HPSearch): 6299 26. R. Jain (HPSearch): 6287 27. J. Hennessy (HPSearch): 6267 28. C. Leiserson (HPSearch): 6132 29. A. Pentland (HPSearch): 6131

Tasks that need to be solved

- Information Retrieval
 - search for research papers on the Web
- Information Extraction
 - extract relevant information (title, author, journal/conference, publication year,...) from the research papers
 - extract citations from the research papers
- Information Integration
 - match extracted citations with the text where they are cited
 - match extracted citations with other extracted citations
 - identify similar documents
- Citation analysis
 - build and analyze a graph of citations of papers
 - build and analyze a co-authorship graph
- and many more...

Web Mining

Web Mining is Data Mining for Data on the World-Wide Web

- Text Mining:
 - Application of Data Mining techniques to unstructured (free-format) text
- Structure Mining:
 - taking into account the structure of (semi-)structured hypertext (HTML tags, hyperlinks)
- Usage Mining:
 - taking into account user interactions with the text data (clickstreams, collaborative filtering, ...)

Web Mining Tasks

- Message Filter or Message Sorter
- Intelligent Browsing Assistants
- Formation or Update of Web Catalogues
- Ranking or Clustering of Search Results
- Building the Semantic Web / World-Wide Knowledge Base
- Click-stream Analysis
- Product Recommendations
- Digital libraries and Citation Analysis

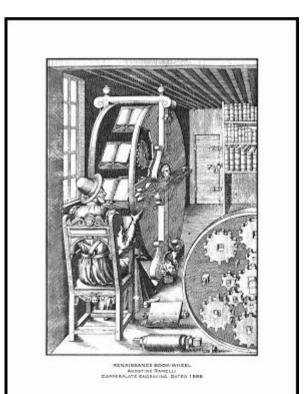
• .

The Web

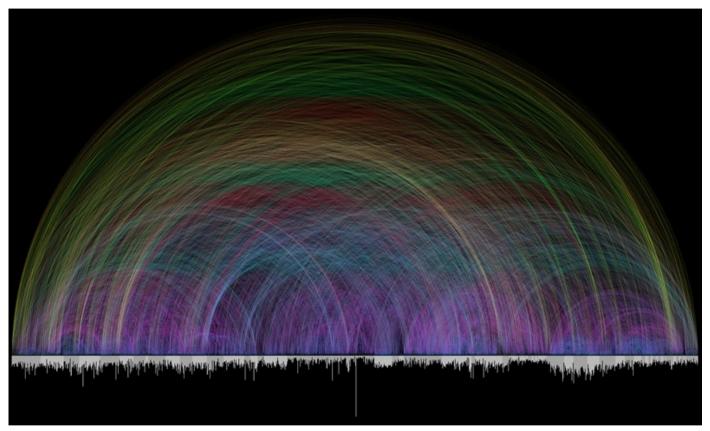
- The Web is a unique kind of hypertext document
 - a large number of pages
 - on a wide variety of topics
 - originating by a large variety of authors
 - speaking many different languages
 - annotated via hyperlinks
 - accessible to everybody
- Main Problem:
 - How can I find the information I am looking for?
- Web Mining:
 - finding and extracting relevant information from the Web

A Brief History of Hypertext

- On Paper
 - Annotated books (e.g., the Talmud)
 - Dictionaries and encyclopedias
 - cross-references are hyperlinks
 - Scientific literature
 - citations of other works is another form of hyperlinks
- The book wheel
 - Agostino Ramelli, Paris 1588
 - Device for reading several books at once
 - maybe considered as a precursor to the Memex and thus to hypertext



Example: Cross-references in the Bible



The bar graph that runs along the bottom represents all of the chapters in the Bible. Books alternate in color between white and light gray. The length of each bar denotes the number of verses in the chapter. Each of the 63,779 cross references found in the Bible is depicted by a single arc - the color corresponds to the distance between the two chapters, creating a rainbow-like effect.

Source: Chris Harrison, CMU (http://www.chrisharrison.net/projects/bibleviz/)

Example: Social Network in the Bible



based on name co-occurrences in verses

Source: Chris Harrison, CMU (http://www.chrisharrison.net/projects/bibleviz/)

A Brief History of Hypertext

- Memex (Vannevar Bush, 1945)
 - design for a photo-eletrical, mechanical storage device that could link documents
 - On-line Demo



http://www.dynamicdiagrams.com/demos/memex1a.zip

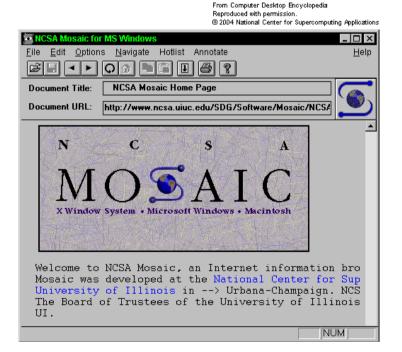
• Xanadu (Engelbart & Nelson 1965)

http://xanadu.com/

- first conventional hypertext system, also pioneered wikis
- too complex to be realized, first use of word "hypertext"
- Many successor systems

A Brief History of the Web

- Tim Berners-Lee (CERN)
 - first proposals around 1980
 - 1990: work on the "World Wide Web"
 - first graphical interfaces
- 1993:
 - Mosaic (Mark Andressen, NCSA): intuitive hypertext GUI for UNIX
 - HTML: hypertext markup language
 - HTTP: hypertext transport protocol
- 1994:
 - Netscape was founded
 - 1st World Wide Web Conference
 - World Wide Web Consortion founded by CERN and MIT



http://www.w3.org/

HTTP (hypertext transport protocol)

- Built on top of the Transport Control Protocol (TCP)
- Steps(from client end) http://www.w3.org/Protocols
 - resolve the server host name to an Internet address (IP)
 - Use Domain Name Server (DNS)
 - DNS is a distributed database of name-to-IP mappings maintained at a set of known servers
 - contact the server using TCP
 - connect to default HTTP port (80) on the server.
 - Enter the HTTP requests header (E.g.: GET)
 - Fetch the response header
 - MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions)
 - A meta-data standard for email and Web content transfer
 - Fetch the HTML page

Sample http connection log

Host Port

% telnet www.cse.iitb.ac.in 80 Trying 144.16.111.14... Connected to www.cse.iitb.ac.in. Escape character is ']'. GET Http/1.0GET / Http/1.0 Http/1.1 200 OK Date: Sat. 13 Jan 2001 09:01:02 GMT Pfad Server: Apache/1.3.0 (Unix) PHP/3.0.4 Last-Modified: Wed, 20 Dec 2000 13:18:38 GMT ETag: "5c248-153d-3a40b1ae" Header Accept-Ranges: bytes Content-Length: 5437 Connection: close Content-Type: text/html X-Pad: avoid browser bug <html>HTML <head><title>IIT Bombay CSE Department Home Page</title></head> of Web <body>...IIT Bombay... </body></html> page Connection closed by foreign host.

HTML

http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/

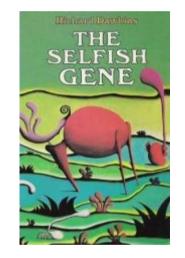
- HyperText Markup Language
- Lets the author
 - specify document structure
 - browser converts structure to layout
 - direct specification of layout and typeface possible
 - embed diagrams
 - create hyperlinks.
 - expressed as an anchor tag with a HREF attribute
 - HREF names another page using a Uniform Resource Locator (URL),
- URL (Uniform Resource Locator) =
 - protocol field (e.g., "HTTP") +
 - server hostname ("www.cse.iitb.ac.in") +
 - file path (/, the `root' of the published file system).

DOM Tree

- DOM = Document Object Model http://www.w3.org/DOM/
- An HTML document can be viewed as a tree
 - markup items are interior nodes
 - text are leafs
 - Xpath: language for denoting the path from the root to a tree http://www.zvon.org/xxl/XPathTutorial/General/examples.html
- document structure can be exploited
 - sectioning of documents
 - recognition of important text parts (e.g., anchor text)
 - structural patterns (XPath) may identify important information on the page
- Firefox->Web Developer/DOM Inspector
 - plugin

Web: A populist, participatory medium

- number of writers =(approx) number of readers.
- the evolution of memes
 - term "meme" coined by Richard Dawkins ("The Selfish Gene")
 - in analogy to the role of genes in evolution
 - memes are ideas, theories etc that spread
 - from person to person by imitation.
 - good memes survive, bad memes die out
 - the Web archives them all



Abundance and authority crisis

- liberal and informal culture of content generation and dissemination.
 - despite a few commercial niches we still have anarchy
- Very little uniform civil code.
- redundancy and non-standard form and content.
- millions of qualifying pages for most broad queries
 - Example: java or kayaking
- no authoritative information about the reliability of a site

Problems due to Uniform accessibility

- little support for adapting to the background of specific users.
- commercial interests routinely influence the operation of Web search
 - "Search Engine Optimization" !!

Data Mining - Motivation

"Computers have promised us a fountain of wisdom but delivered a flood of data."

"It has been estimated that the amount of information in the world doubles every 20 months."

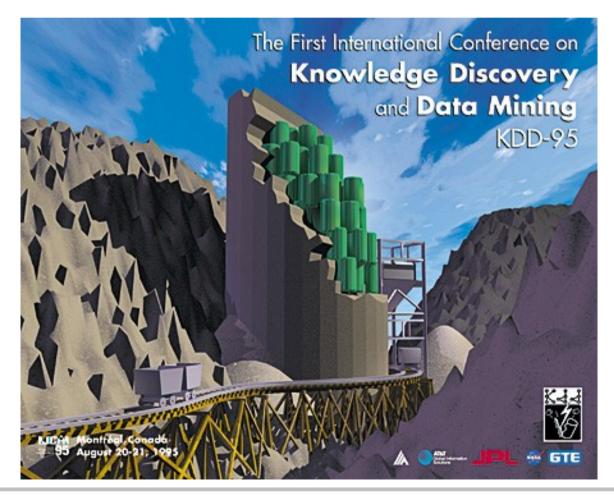
(Frawley, Piatetsky-Shapiro, Matheus, 1992)

"160,000,000 terabytes of data have been generated in 2006"

(Data Consortium)

Data Mining

Mining for nuggets of knowledge in mountains of Data.



Definition

Data Mining is a non-trivial process of identifying

- valid
- novel
- potentially useful
- ultimately understandable patterns in data.

(Fayyad et al. 1996)

It employs techniques from

- machine learning
- statistics
- databases

Or maybe:

• Data Mining is torturing your database until it confesses.

(Mannila (?))

World-Wide Data Growth

• Science

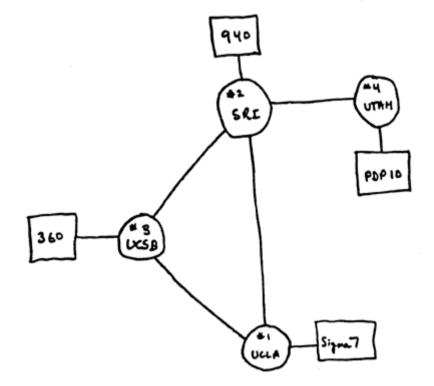
- satellite monitoring
- human genome
- Business
 - OLTP (on-line transaction processing)
 - data warehouses
 - e-commerce
- Industry
 - process data
- World-Wide Web

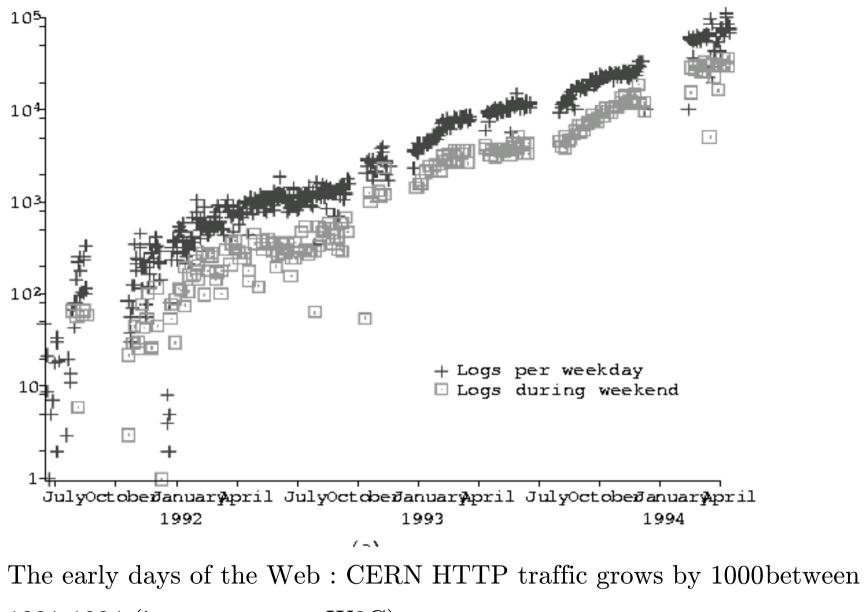
The Birth of the Web

ARPANET

- started with 4 nodes at four universities
 - UCLA, UCSB, SRI, Utah
- first message sent on October 29, 1969

2900767	2100	LONDED OP. PROGRAM	SK
		FOIR BEN BARKER BBY	
	22:30	Talked to SRI Host to Host	este
		Ceftop. inp. Jrogram suppring after sending	Csle
		a host dead message	





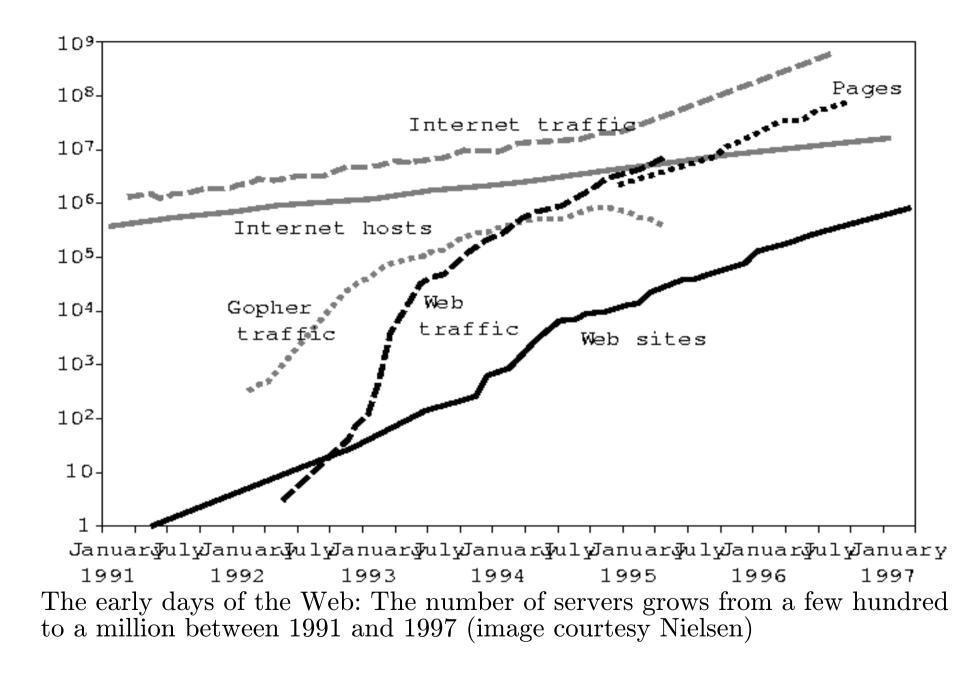
1991-1994 (image courtesy W3C)

Mining the Web

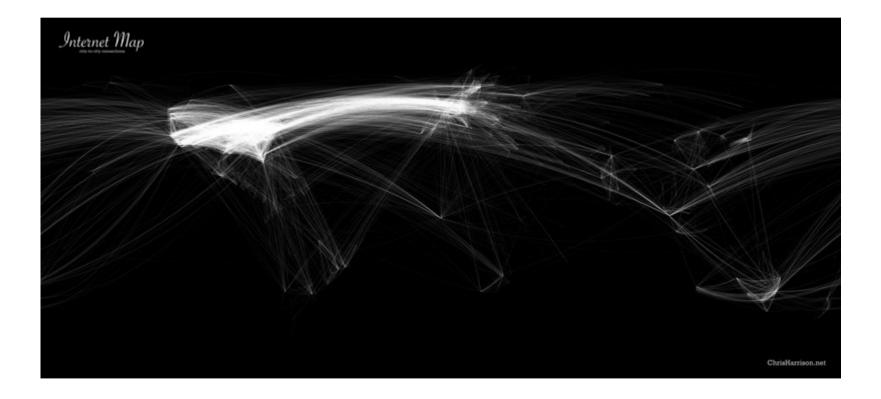
Chakrabarti and Ramakrishnan

45

45



Geographic Map of Internet Usage



How Big is the Web?

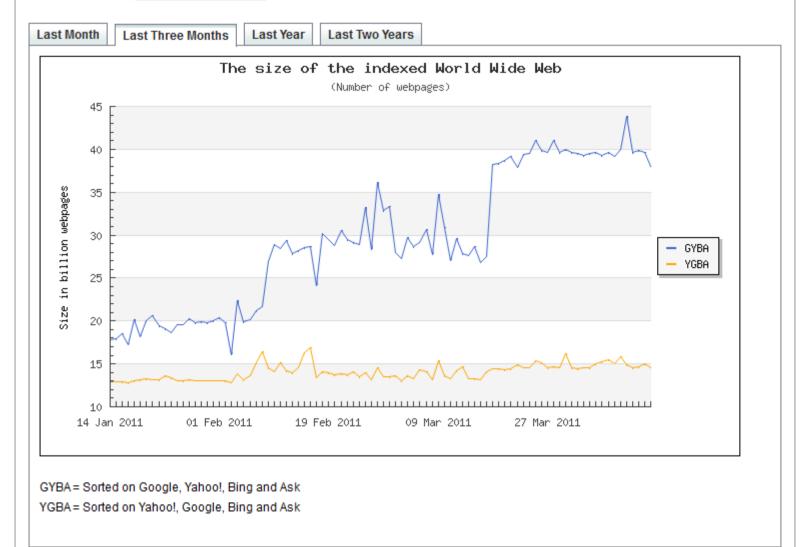
- Google:
 - early 2001: 1,346,966,000 web pages
 - **11.2.2002: 2,073,418,204**
 - **4**,285,199,774
 - 28.4.2005: 8,058,044,651
- Size of the Web
 - Results from 1998 estimate that the best search engines index about 30% of the Web.
- Gulli & Signorini (2005)
 - estimate the size of the Web to 11.5 billion pages,
 - Coverage of search engines
 - Google=76.16%, Msn Beta=61.90%, Ask/Teoma=57.62%, Yahoo!=69.32%



The size of the World Wide Web

The Indexed Web contains at least 14.56 billion pages (Wednesday, 13 April, 2011). The Dutch Indexed Web contains at least 618.51 million pages (Wednesday, 13 April, 2011).

The Indexed Web | The Dutch Indexed Web



. Fürnkranz

Structured vs. Web data mining

- traditional data mining
 - data is structured and relational
 - well-defined tables, columns, rows, keys, and constraints.
- Web data
 - semi-structured and unstructured
 - readily available
 - rich in features and patterns
 - spontaneous formation and evolution of
 - topic-induced graph clusters
 - hyperlink-induced communities

Structured Data

- Attribute-Value data:
 - Each example is described with values for a fixed number of attributes
 - Nominal Attributes:
 - store an unordered list of symbols (e.g., color)
 - Numeric Attributes:
 - store a number (e.g., income)
 - Other Types:
 - hierarchical attributes
 - set-valued attributes
 - the data corresponds to a single relation (spreadsheet)
- Multi-Relational data:
 - The relevant information is distributed over multiple relations
 - Inductive Logic Programming

Structured Data

Day	Temperature	Outlook	Humidity	Windy	Play Golf?
07-05	hot	sunny	high	false	no
07-06	hot	sunny	high	true	no
07-07	hot	overcast	high	false	yes
07-09	cool	rain	normal	false	yes
07-10	cool	overcast	normal	true	yes
07-12	mild	sunny	high	false	no
07-14	cool	sunny	normal	false	yes
07-15	mild	rain	normal	false	yes
07-20	mild	sunny	normal	true	yes
07-21	mild	overcast	high	true	yes
07-22	hot	overcast	normal	false	yes
07-23	mild	rain	high	true	no
07-26	cool	rain	normal	true	no
07-30	mild	rain	high	false	yes

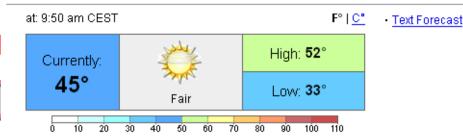
today	cool	sunny	normal	false	?
tomorrow	mild	sunny	normal	false	?

Semi-Structured and Unstructured Data

- Semi-structured Data
 - no clear tables
 - it may be hard to identify the attributes for each example
 - it may also be hard to identify the examples themselves
 - some structure implicit in the data
 - e.g., formatting via HTML
 - Iarge parts without structure
 - free text
 - http://weather.yahoo.com/forecast/GMXX0020.html

Darmstadt Weather

Semi-Structure



5 Day Forecast

- Semi-structured Data
 - no clear tables
 - it may be hard to identify
 - it may also be hard to ide
 - some structure implicit in
 - e.g., formatting via HTML More
 - Iarge parts without structure Humi
 - free text
 - http://weather.yahoo.com/fc

Today	Tomorrow	Sat	Sun	Mon	6-10 Day
Sunny	Sunny	PM Showers	Light Rain	Light Rain	<u>Extended</u> Forecast
High: 52° Low: 33°	High: 57 ° Low: 38 °	High: 63° Low: 38°	High: 61° Low: 47 °	High: 56° Low: 45°	

Featured Forecasts at weather.com: Allergies | Golf | Driving Conditions

e Current Conditions						
s Like:	45°	Dewpoint:	28°			
ometer:	30.09 in and steady	Wind:	NNE 9 mph			
nidity:	53%	Sunrise:	6:21 am			
bility:	9.99 mi	Sunset:	8:28 pm			

Sponsored Links

Local Forecast - (How to Read This)

Visib

Today: Abundant sunshine. High 52F. Winds NE at 5 to 10 mph.

Tonight: Mainly clear. Cold. Low 33F. Winds ENE at 5 to 10 mph.

Tomorrow: Mainly sunny. High 57F. Winds ESE at 5 to 10 mph.

Tomorrow night: A few clouds from time to time. Low 38F. Winds light and variable.

Saturday: Showers possible in the afternoon. Highs in the low 60s and lows in the upper 30s.

Sunday: Light rain. Highs in the low 60s and lows in the upper 40s.

Darmstadt, Germany Pioneer Military Loans, offering loans up to \$10,000, 24 hours, 7 days a week worldwide for active and retired military and Federal GS employees.
www.themilitaryzone.com
Darmstadt Germany Tourism Information Visit our site for information on German Cities, Hotels, Restaurants, Tours, Airports, Activities and everything German.

www.cometogermanynow.com

(<u>What's this?</u>)

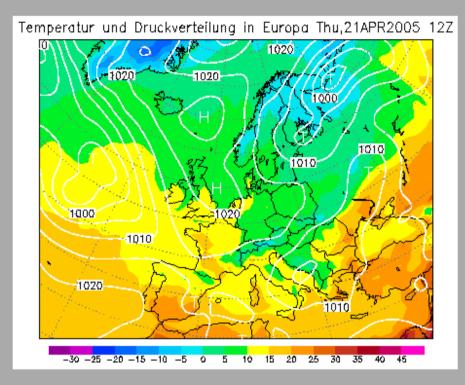
Semi-Structured and Unstructured Data

- Semi-structured Data
 - no clear tables
 - it may be hard to identify the attributes for each example
 - it may also be hard to identify the examples themselves
 - some structure implicit in the data
 - e.g., formatting via HTML
 - Iarge parts without structure
 - free text
 - http://weather.yahoo.com/forecast/GMXX0020.html
- Unstructured Data
 - free text
 - http://www.wetterzentrale.de/wzwb.html

Der Wetterzentrale Wetterbericht ausgegeben am 21. April 2005, 8:09 MESZ

Lage:

Die aus Nordosten eingeflossene Kaltluft gelangt rasch unter schwachen Hochdruckeinfluss. Bereits am Samstag greifen die Ausläufer westeuropäischer Tiefs auf den Südwesten über und führen mildere und feuchte Luft heran.



Vorhersage für Deutschland:

Heute nach Auflösung örtlichen Nebels meist heiter bis wolkig und trocken. Am Alpenrand anfangs noch stark bewölkt, aber kaum noch Regen. Im Norddeutschen Tiefland ab dem Mittag einige Wolkenfelder. Höchsttemperaturen 8 bis 13 Grad. Dabei am Rhein am mildesten. Schwacher bis mäßiger Wind, im Norden auf West drehend, sonst aus Nordost bis Nord. In der kommenden Nacht im Norden wolkig. Sonst klar. Tiefstwerte zwischen 3 Grad im Norden und bis -3 Grad im Süden.

Morgen östlich der Elbe wolkig, es bleibt aber trocken. Sonst sonnig und trocken. Höchsttemperaturen zwischen 10 Grad an der Oder und bis 16 Grad am Rhein.

Tendenz für die Folgetage:

Am Samstag im Südwesten bereits am Vormittag zunehmende Bewölkung und ab dem Mittag einsetzender Regen. In der Mitte freundlich und mild. Im Nordosten wolkig und immer noch kühl.

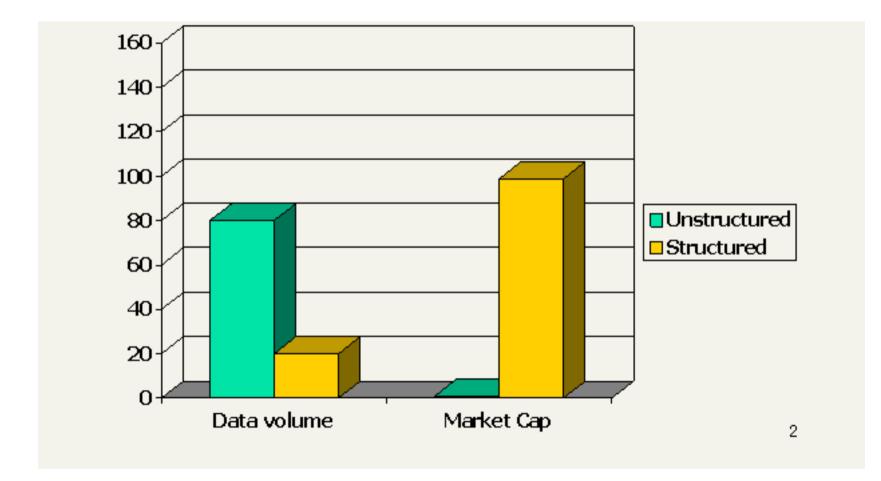
Am Sonntag im Norddeutschen Tiefland heiter bis wolkig und trocken. Bei kräftigem Ostwind recht kühl. In der Mitte und im Süden wolkig bis stark bewölkt mit gebietsweisem Regen oder einzelnen Schauern und mild.

Am Wochenbeginn auch im Norden unbeständiger.

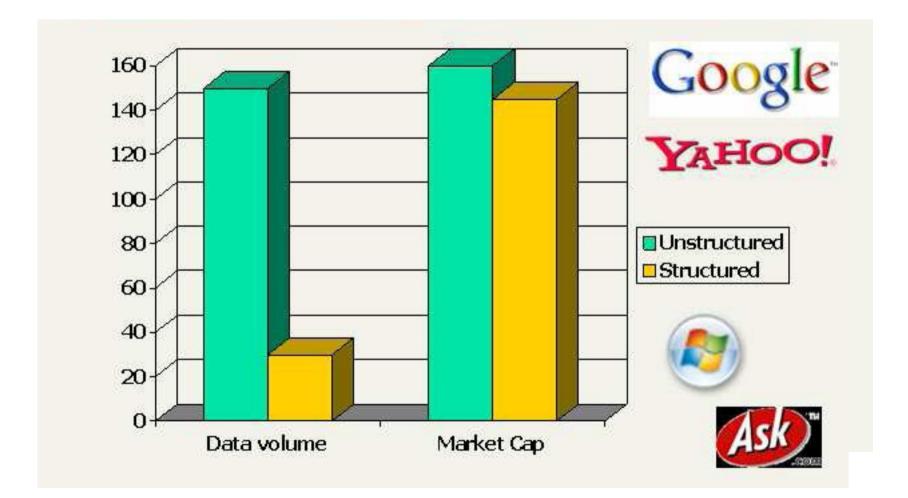
Ab der Wochenmitte deutet sich trockenes und wärmeres Wetter an.

Wetterzentrale | Top Karten

Unstructured vs. Structured Data 1996



Unstructured vs. Structured Data 2006



Web Tasks for ML/DM Techniques

- Classifiers:
 - assigning categories to documents (E-mail/newsgroup sorting and filtering, building a Web catalogue, user modelling,...)
- Regression:
 - predict numerical values (ratings, GUI settings,...)
- Clustering:
 - grouping documents (structuring search results, ...)
- Association Rule Discovery:
 - finding events and event sequences that co-occur frequently (click stream analysis,...)
- Reinforcement Learning:
 - learning to improve agents (crawlers, relevance feedback, ...)

Induction of Classifiers

